

# Child Protection Trainer — Knowledge

## Check Quiz

15 Multiple Choice Questions | Free Trainer Resource | [trainerresources.com](http://trainerresources.com)

**Instructions:** Circle or tick the correct answer for each question. This quiz covers key knowledge areas for the **Child Protection Trainer** course. Pass mark: 12/15 (80%). Answers are provided on the final page.

### Q1. What is the primary legislation for child protection in England?

- A) Children Act 1989 and 2004
- B) Safeguarding Children Act 2010
- C) Education Act 2002
- D) Children and Families Act 2014

### Q2. What are the four categories of child abuse?

- A) Physical, Emotional, Sexual, Neglect
- B) Physical, Mental, Sexual, Financial
- C) Emotional, Physical, Verbal, Neglect
- D) Neglect, Emotional, Bullying, Physical

### Q3. What does DSL stand for?

- A) Designated Safeguarding Lead
- B) Department of Safeguarding and Learning
- C) Duty Safeguarding Lead
- D) Designated Safety Leader

### Q4. What should you do if a child discloses abuse?

- A) Promise to keep it secret
- B) Listen, believe, record and report to the DSL
- C) Investigate yourself
- D) Confront the alleged abuser

### Q5. What is FGM?

- A) Female Genital Mutilation — a form of abuse and illegal in the UK
- B) Female Growth Monitoring
- C) Family Group Meeting
- D) Female Guidance and Mentoring

### Q6. What is the 'Working Together to Safeguard Children' document?

- A) A school policy
- B) Statutory guidance on how organisations should work together to safeguard children
- C) A police procedure
- D) A social work manual

### Q7. What is a child in need?

- A) Any child under 16
- B) A child unlikely to achieve reasonable health/development without local authority support
- C) A child with a disability only

D) A child in poverty

**Q8. What is the purpose of a Section 47 enquiry?**

- A) To assess a child's educational needs
- B) To investigate whether a child is at risk of significant harm
- C) To assess housing needs
- D) To review a care plan

**Q9. What is online safety in the context of child protection?**

- A) Only about social media
- B) Protecting children from online risks including grooming, cyberbullying and inappropriate content
- C) Parental controls only
- D) School internet filters only

**Q10. What is radicalisation?**

- A) Political education
- B) The process by which a person comes to support terrorism or extremism
- C) Religious teaching
- D) Community activism

**Q11. What does PREVENT refer to?**

- A) A school programme
- B) The government strategy to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism
- C) A police operation
- D) A social care assessment

**Q12. What is a Child Protection Plan?**

- A) A school behaviour plan
- B) A plan for a child identified as at risk of significant harm, outlining actions to protect them
- C) A medical treatment plan
- D) An educational support plan

**Q13. What is the age of criminal responsibility in England and Wales?**

- A) 8
- B) 10
- C) 12
- D) 14

**Q14. What is 'contextual safeguarding'?**

- A) Safeguarding within school only
- B) Understanding and responding to significant harms beyond the family, e.g. peer/community contexts
- C) Safeguarding in digital contexts only
- D) A type of risk assessment

**Q15. Who can make a referral to children's social care?**

- A) Only teachers
- B) Only police
- C) Anyone who has concerns about a child's welfare
- D) Only parents

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## Answer Key

Q1: A Q2: A Q3: A Q4: B Q5: A Q6: B Q7: B Q8: B Q9: B Q10: B Q11: B Q12: B Q13: B Q14: B Q15: C

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